



Mental  
Health  
Reform

# Reshaping Healthcare

**Healthcare Restructuring in Ireland:**  
An Update and Analysis

**COALITION  
CONVERSATIONS**

Connecting Experiences



## Our Purpose

To focus on Health Regions and linked restructuring



Keep our  
members up  
to date



Space for  
discussion



Helps MHR  
identify future  
action



Builds on  
previous work  
of MHR





## Our Format Today

### PRESENTATION

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Philip Watt  
Interim CEO,  
Mental Health Reform

### PANEL DISCUSSION

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Philip Watt  
Interim CEO,  
Mental Health Reform



Suzanne Connolly  
CEO, Barnardos



Elaine Teague  
CEO, Disability  
Federation of Ireland

### QUESTIONS

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Group  
Discussion



Please note this event will be recorded





# Philip Watt

Interim CEO,  
Mental Health Reform

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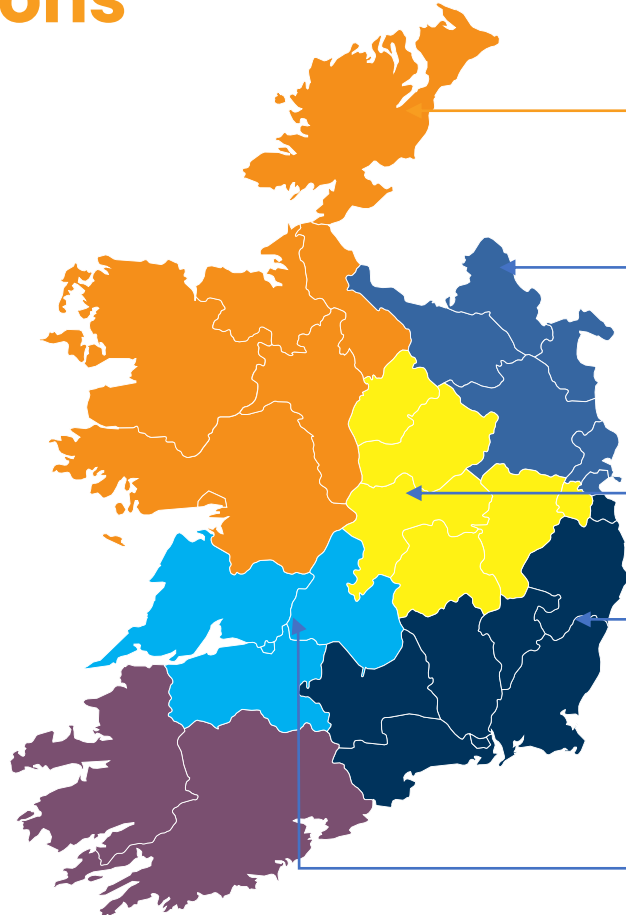


# Three key themes of restructuring





## The 6 Health Regions



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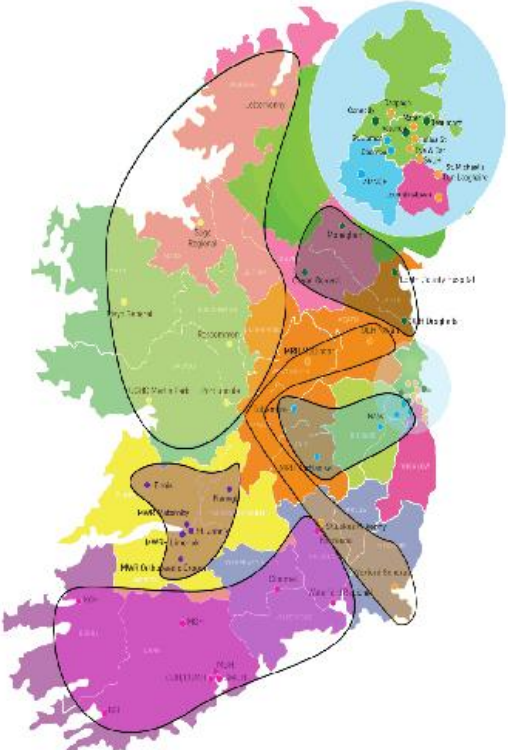
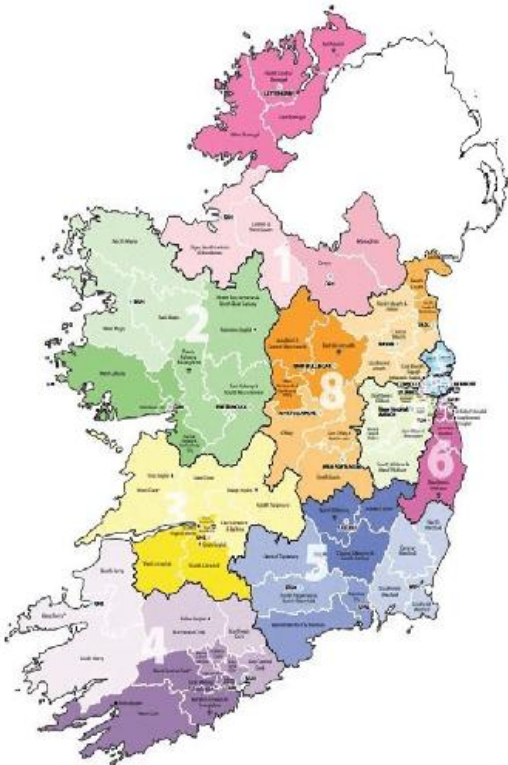




CHOs and HGs to Health Regions

Community Health Organisations

Hospital Groups



 Health regions





## Some Updates

Focus on Integration  
of services at IHA  
level



Service and Grant  
Agreements



Regional Forums



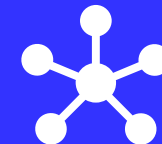
Patient Councils



Population Based  
Resource Allocation



Networks of Care  
including MH





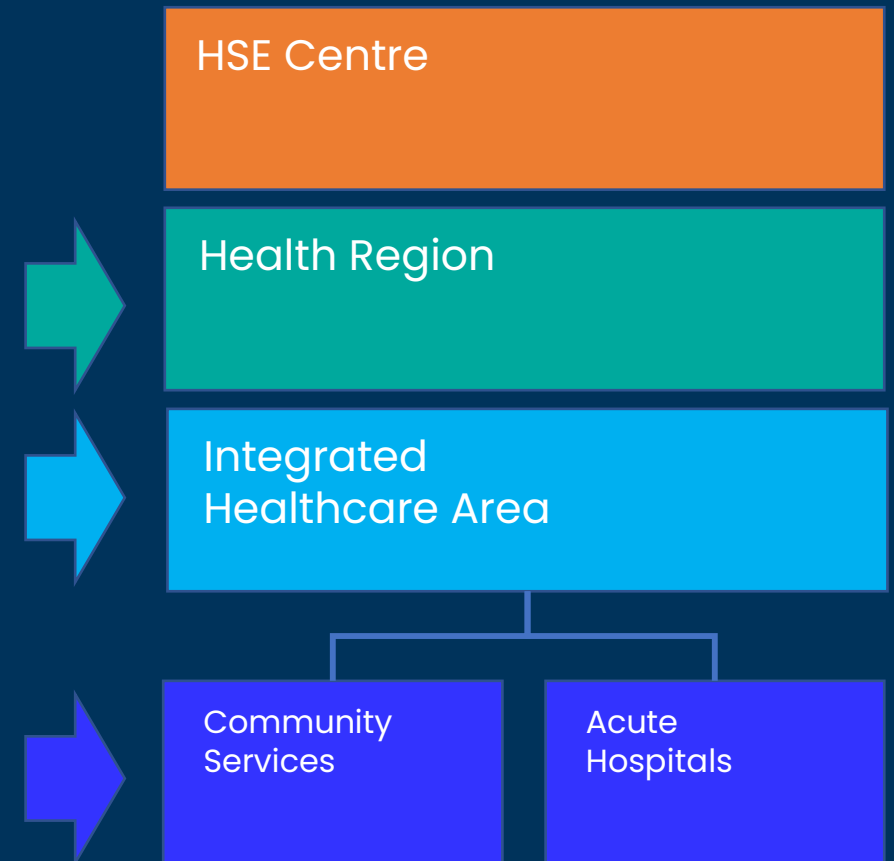
## How health services will be organised

One of the most important changes to the HSE is how we will bring services and decision-making closer to the patient and closer to the community as:

Health Regions will plan and deliver health services, with support from the HSE Centre. Each Health Region will have between 2 and 4 Integrated Healthcare Areas

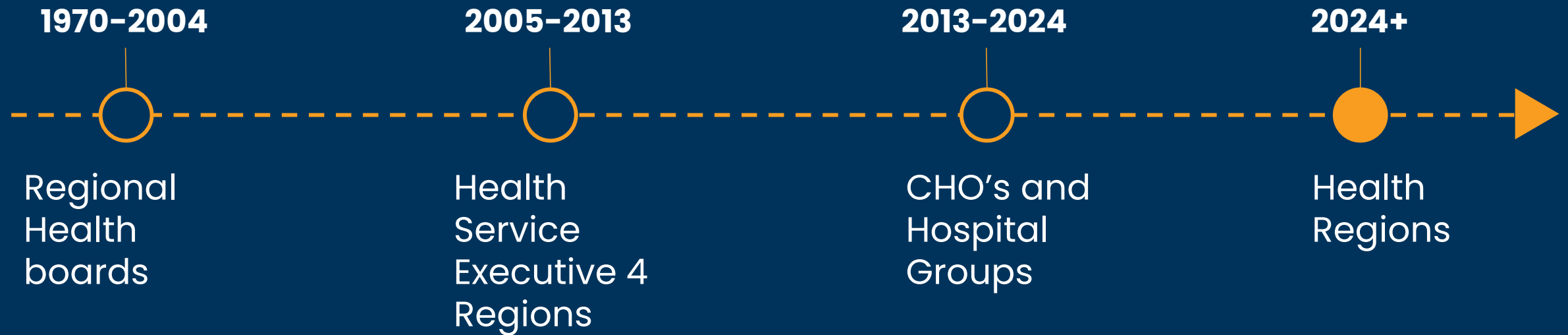
Integrated Healthcare Areas will bring together both acute and community services under one geographically-based structure for their populations of between 150,000 and 450,000

Community Healthcare Networks will be the building blocks for organising services within each IHA, and there will be approx. 2-8 CHNs and 1-3 Hospitals in each IHA. More information on CHNs available [here](#)





## Centralisation versus Devolution of Decision Making





## Problems arising from previous healthcare restructuring





## Wider environment key

- **Gaps and weaknesses in mental health services country wide that integration will not resolve on its own**
- **Under resourcing of VCS mental health providers and lack of multi-annual funding**
- **Consistency between each HR (guidance form the HSE centre crucial)**
- **Commissioning of services at below cost increasing concern**
- **Poor standard of some buildings**
- **Interaction between MH strategies and legislation and restructuring is key**
  - Sharing the Vision
  - Connecting for Life
  - Mental Health Research Strategy
  - Mental Health Bill (human rights and oversight)





# Challenges and opportunities for the VCS

- **Welcome new emphasis on partnership HSE/VCS reflected in structures (needs to be further nurtured into the future)**
- **The need for MH organisations to interact with REO's/IHA managers**
- **The forthcoming 6 Voluntary Forums (strategic)**
- **The forthcoming 6 Patient Councils (lived experience will be key)**
- **Annual HSE VCS conference in each region (should be co-produced with VCS)**
- **Potential challenge for VCS arising from PBRA**
- **Wider environment issues (above)**





**“Striking a balance between centralised control and capacity to respond to local needs has long been central to debates about the health system. More regional and devolved health powers are seen to allow for greater integration of health services and enhanced democratic and community participation in policy. However, critics argue that increased localism lessens central government's responsibility and perpetuates inequity in funding, services and population health”.**

Dr Sean Lucey, UCC (2021)

**“Regionalisation is a complex process, for which outcomes are neither straightforward nor predictable, but dependent on a country's socioeconomic, institutional, and cultural context'.....'The impact of regionalisation will not be fully estimable for many years post-reform; however, a monitoring and evaluation process will be required at the start of regionalisation to ensure that the short-term and intermediate goals are being met, in order to achieve the ultimate long-term goals of regionalization”.**

Quigley et al HRB, 2019





**Reshaping Healthcare**

Understanding the HSE's Regional Restructuring

**Thank You**



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